



QUICK RECOVERY FOR RAID

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Quick Recovery for RAID 0, RAID 5.

Quick Recovery for RAID has been designed to recover data files from inaccessible RAID configurations. The technology used assures that data present on all the disks alive will be recovered.

Quick Recovery for RAID is a non-destructive, do-it-yourself software. There are just three steps to perform the recovery. They are, de-stripping, arrangement and recovery.

Features:

Recover data due to the following possible Data Loss situation with:

Hardware RAID 0 or RAID 5:

- Controller card has gone bad or the RAID configuration gets corrupted
- File Deletion Array
- Format
- Partition Table related corruption
- FAT corruption
- MFT corruption etc
- One or Two hard disk damaged
- Not regenerating even after one disk replacement

Software RAID 0:

- File Deletion
- Array Format
- Partition Table related corruption
- FAT corruption MFT corruption

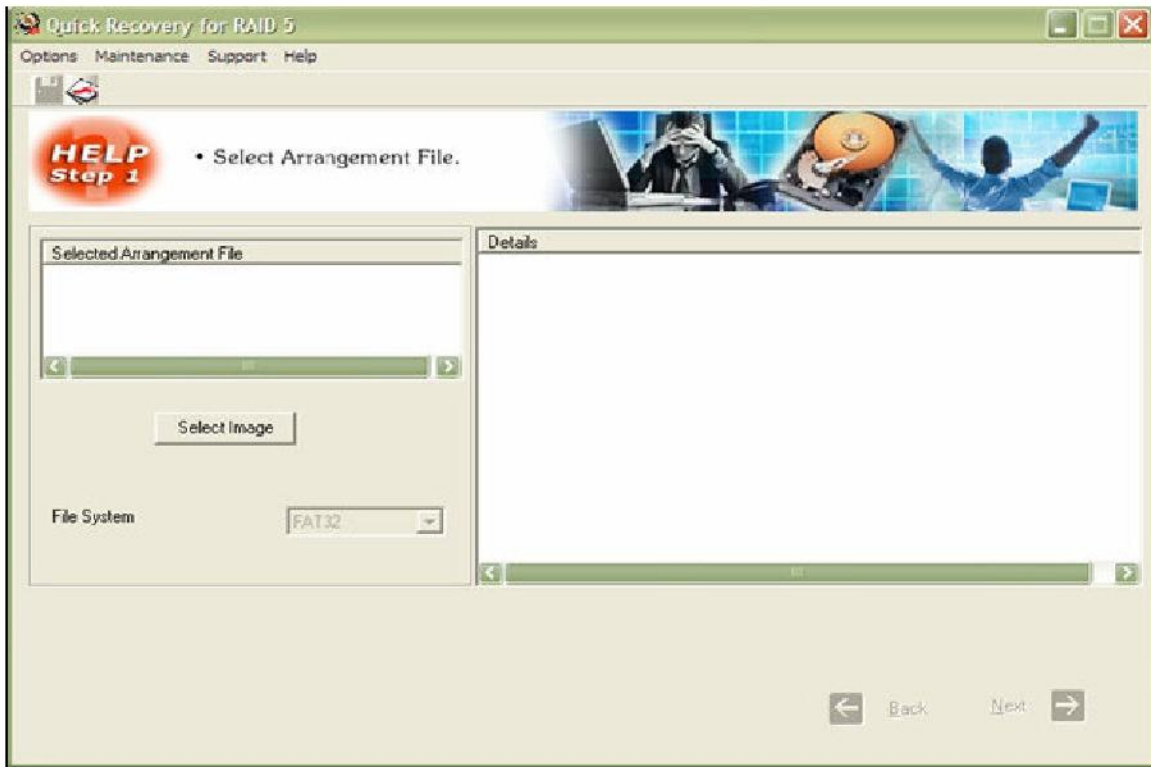
There are two components of the software.

De-Stripper

Stripe Recovery

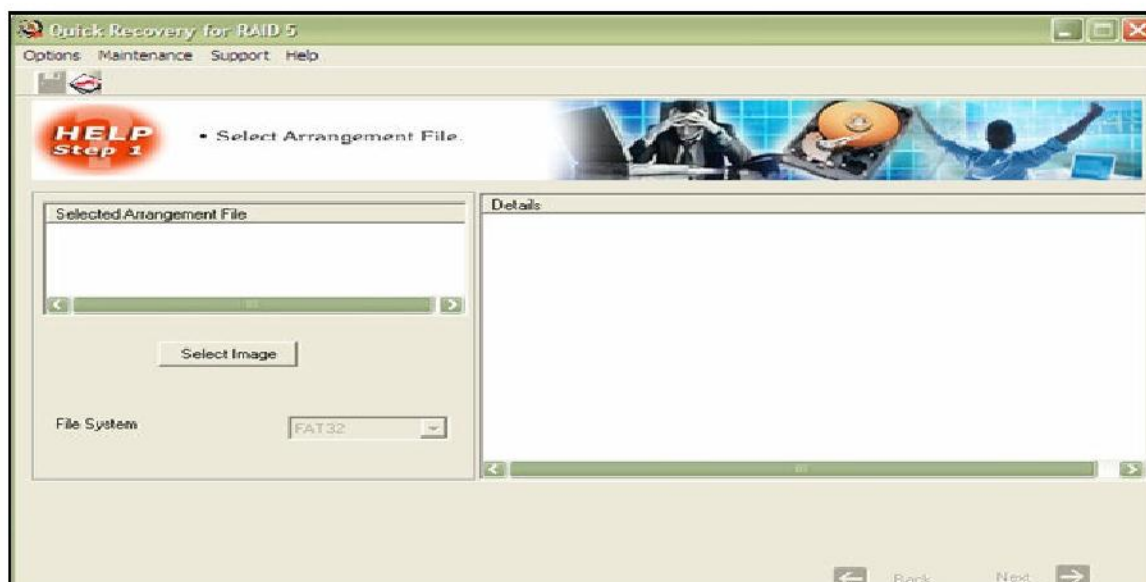
The De-Stripper will create Arrangement file from the RAID and the Stripe Recovery module will recover the data from the arrangement files.

File Recovery: Once The Image file of RAID has been saved by De-Stripper, File Recovery Mode will use this image file as "Virtual RAID" and Recover Lost Data of RAID System. Following image shows the initial screen of File Recovery



IMPORTANT: *it is strongly recommended that do not write anything onto the hdd from where you are going to retrieve your data. This may lead overwriting of your important data.*

File Recovery: The image given below shows the initial image of File Recovery Mode or Quick Recovery.



Select the Image File and File System or RAID and Click Next to recover the data. Save the file to a safe location.

Systems Requirement (Recommended):

Operating System: Windows NT/2000/XP/Vista/7/8

RAM:

- 512 MB (Windows NT/2000/XP)
- 1.5 GB (Windows 7/8)

Hard Disk: At least 50 MB of free disk space for software installation, and sufficient free space to save recovered data. Storage space for holding the Arrangement files.

And Disk controller card capable of handling all the drives in your RAID individually.

OS/File System Support:

Microsoft NT/2k/2003/Xp

FAT16, FAT32, NTFS, NTFS5

RAID level supported: RAID0 (Stripping), controlled by SW/HW.

Frequently asked Questions

How does QUICK RECOVERY work?

QUICK RECOVERY is data recovery software. It bypasses the operating system, calculates the system parameters internally, and searches for data heuristically. After a brief analysis QUICK RECOVERY reports the percentage of recovery and files that can be recovered.

If my computer is not booting, then how can QUICK RECOVERY access it?

QUICK RECOVERY is to be run after booting the computer using a bootable floppy. Then QUICK RECOVERY bypasses the system area of the disk and physically searches for data

Why cannot QUICK RECOVERY recover 100% data from large deleted files?

When files are deleted, they are not removed from their physical location but their links get zeroed up. So if large files are fragmented, then their chain cannot be reconstructed. Smaller files are mostly stored contiguously and are not fragmented, so they can be recovered.

Why cannot QUICK RECOVERY recover 100% data from formatted disks?

The reason is the same as above. After formatting, the links get fully zeroed. Moreover if files and folders have been copied after formatting, then nothing can be retrieved.

Why cannot we recover the files on the same partition?

This is because, the lost files when recovered on the damaged partition may overwrite the lost files, and hence the recovery may not be authentic or 100%.